

## JAPANESE ROTATIONAL BREEDING PLAN

(Known as **Modoshi Kohai**)

For breeders who are influenced by this traditional Japanese rotational breeding plan, promoted by well-known Japanese Wagyu breeder Shogo Takeda, an updated version follows – including our battery of Lone Mountain Sires. The system consists of sires being divided into groups (either Marbling or Frame). There are just two rules:

## First – Cows sired by "Frame" Sires should be bred to "Marbling" and Second – Cows sired by "Marbling" Sires should be bred to "Frame" Sires

A sire is determined to be of one of these two groups by a straightforward and effective assessment tool: the Japanese 16-16 Analysis. First, the combination of key regional Wagyu strains is identified over four generations in an individual's pedigree. Second, the combinations are analyzed for those strains' likely outcomes. With that analysis in mind, successful breeding choices are made clear.

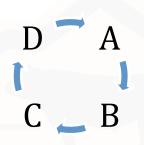
Kenichi Ono puts forth in his book *100 Elite Wagyu Sires in Japan* (Vol I-III) a definition of "successful breeding", which is echoed by Takao Suzuki and Mike Buchanan at the Australian Wagyu Forum:

- 1. Understand the characteristics of each strain
- 2. Plan combinations to cover weak points of individual strains
- 3. Don't over-emphasize one strain.
- 4. In this way, one can use the 16-16 analysis to get a sense of the outcome of breeding one animal to another.

As a point of reference, the following major strains and sub-strains of Japanese Black Wagyu commonly exhibit the following traits:

- Okayama (Shimomae): Large Frame Sub-strains: Shimomae, Kiyokuni, Fujiyoshi, Itozakura
- Shimane: Outstanding Structure, Strong Length, Depth, and Good Milk Sub-strain: Itozakura

- Tottori: Large Frame, Superior Meat (Marbling) Quality, Good Milking Sub-strains: Eiko, Kedaka
- Hyogo (Tajima): Superior Marbling, Most Popular Sub-strains: Yasumi Doi, Kikumi Doi (aka Kikuteru Doi), Oku Doi, Shigakananemi (aka Kumanami), Shiroiti, Kanemon



## THE ROTATIONAL BREEDING SYSTEM GROUPS ARE LISTED BELOW: [FRAME]

GROUP A FRAME SIRES ARE:		
TF ITOHANA 2	ITOSHIGEFUJI TF147	ITOMORITAKA ETJ 002
GROUP <b>C</b> FRAME SIRES ARE:		
WKS KITAGUNI JR	TF ITOMICHI 1-2	HIRASHIGETAYASU ETJ 001
WKS TAKAZAKURA	ITOZURUDOI TF151	
LMCC Sires:		
LMR KENICHI 807T	LMR KATSURU 4278B	LMR HIRASHIGETAYASU
LMR TOSHIRO 1-3 723T	LMR HAYAO 5549C	462Z
BAR R 12P TAKAZAKURA	LMR MASAHIKO 1250Y	LMR DAISUKE 2470Z
LMR SENSEI 817T	LMR KITAGUNI 1441Y	LMR HAYAO 5549C
LMR MICHIRO 0193X	LMR AKAHIGE 8119U	LMR KAZUKI 770T
LMR YOSUKE 5165C	LMR ICHIBAN 810T	LMR TAISUKE 401B

## [MARBLING]

	GROUP <b>B</b> MARBLING SIRES:			
	WKS SANJIROU	WKS MICHIFUKU	KIKUTERUSHIGE TF150	
	WKS YASUFUKU JR	TERUTANI TF40	KIKUTSURUDOI TF146	
	JVP FUKUTSURU 068	KITATERUYASUDOI ETJ 003		
	JVP KIKUYASU 400	ITOSHIGENAMI TF148		
	LMCC Sires:			
	BAR R SANJIROU 4P	WKS-LMR MICHIFUKU		
	LMR AOICHI 2468Z	3500A		
		LMR HIROYUKI 3492A		
GROUP <b>D</b> MARBLING SIRES ARE:				
	WKS HARUKI II	WKS SHIGESHIGETANI		
	LMCC Sires:			
	LMR YOJIMBO 634S	LMR MITSURU 2450Z	LMR KUROSAWA 5301C	
	LMR HIRO 0195X	LMR HARUKICHI 5106C	LMR SHUNICHI 5339C	
	LMR HIROSHI 766T	WKS-LMR MICHITSUGU 3489A	LMR YOSHIHIRO 4335B	
	LMR SHICHIRO 2403Z	LMR YASUFUKU 2416Z	LMR KAZUHIRO 351	
	LMR YASUMASA 2428Z (CL16+)	LMR HARUKIRO 5340C		

With one exception as noted, All LMCC Sires are Genetic Defect FREE – determined by parentage or by test. LMCC semen is distributed by ORIgen, Huntley, MT – http://www.origenbeef.org or call; 1-866-867-4436 and ask to speak with Lone Mountain representative.